**PRACTICAL 2**

**INHERITANCE AND POLYMORPHISM**

**INHERITANCE:**

* Inheritance is an important pillar of OOP (Object-Oriented Programming). It is the mechanism in java by which one class is allowed to inherit the features (fields and methods) of another class.
* Important terminology:
  + **Super Class**: The class whose features are inherited is known as superclass (or a base class or a parent class).
  + **Sub Class**: The class that inherits the other class is known as a subclass (or a derived class, extended class, or child class). The subclass can add its own fields and methods in addition to the superclass fields and methods.
  + **Reusability**: Inheritance supports the concept of "reusability", i.e., when we want to create a new class and there is already a class that includes some of the code that we want, we can derive our new class from the existing class. By doing this, we are reusing the fields and methods of the existing class.
* **Syntax**:
  + class derived-class extends base-class
  + {
  + //methods and fields
  + }

**POLYMORPHISM**

* The word polymorphism means having many forms. In simple words, we can define polymorphism as the ability of a message to be displayed in more than one form.
* In Java polymorphism is mainly divided into two types:
  + Compile time polymorphism
    - It is also known as static polymorphism. This type of polymorphism is achieved by function overloading or operator overloading.
  + Runtime polymorphism
    - It is also known as Dynamic Method Dispatch. It is a process in which a function call to the overridden method is resolved at Runtime. This type of polymorphism is achieved by Method Overriding.

**Q1.**

**package practical2;**

**class Perimeter{**

**public void Perimeter(){**

**System.out.println("Perimeters will be printed: ");**

**}**

**}**

**public class Peri\_Square extends Perimeter{**

**public void Peri\_Square(){**

**int a = 5;**

**int peri\_sq = a\*4;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the square is " + peri\_sq);**

**}**

**public static void main(String[] args) {**

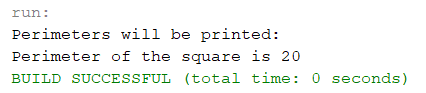
**Peri\_Square p1=new Peri\_Square();**

**p1.Perimeter();**

**p1.Peri\_Square();**

**}**

**}**

****

**Q2.**

**package practical2;**

**class Perimeter{**

**public void Perimeter(){**

**System.out.println("Perimeters will be printed: ");**

**}**

**}**

**class Peri\_Triangle extends Perimeter{**

**public void Peri\_Triangle(){**

**int a = 5, b = 5, c = 6;**

**int peri\_tri = a + b + c;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the triangle is " + peri\_tri);**

**}**

**}**

**public class Peri\_Square extends Peri\_Triangle {**

**public void Peri\_Square\_2(){**

**int a = 5;**

**int peri\_sq = a\*4;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the square is " + peri\_sq);**

**}**

**public static void main(String[] args){**

**Peri\_Square p1 = new Peri\_Square();**

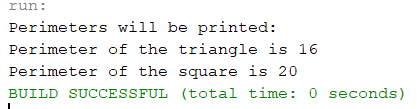
**p1.Perimeter();**

**p1.Peri\_Triangle();**

**p1.Peri\_Square();**

**}**

**}**

****

**Q3.**

**package practical2;**

**class Perimeter{**

**public void Perimeter(){**

**System.out.println("Perimeters will be printed: ");**

**}**

**}**

**class Peri\_Triangle extends Perimeter{**

**public void Peri\_Triangle(){**

**int a = 5, b = 5, c = 6;**

**int peri\_tri = a + b + c;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the triangle is " + peri\_tri);**

**}**

**}**

**public class Peri\_Square extends Perimeter {**

**public void Peri\_Square\_3(){**

**int a = 5;**

**int peri\_sq = a\*4;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the square is " + peri\_sq);**

**}**

**public static void main(String[] args){**

**Peri\_Square ps = new Peri\_Square();**

**Peri\_Triangle pt = new Peri\_Triangle();**

**ps.Perimeter();**

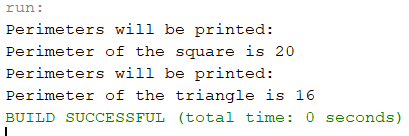
**ps.Peri\_Square();**

**pt.Perimeter();**

**pt.Peri\_Triangle();**

**}**

**}**

****

**Q4.**

**package practical2;**

**interface Peri\_Square{**

**default void Peri\_Square(){**

**int a = 5;**

**int peri\_sq = a\*4;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the square is " + peri\_sq);**

**}**

**}**

**interface Peri\_Triangle{**

**default void Peri\_Triangle(){**

**int a = 5, b = 5, c = 6;**

**int peri\_tri = a + b + c;**

**System.out.println("Perimeter of the triangle is " + peri\_tri);**

**}**

**}**

**public class Perimeter implements Peri\_Square, Peri\_Triangle{**

**public void PeriMeter(){**

**System.out.println("Perimeters will be printed: ");**

**Peri\_Square.super.Peri\_Square();**

**Peri\_Triangle.super.Peri\_Triangle();**

**}**

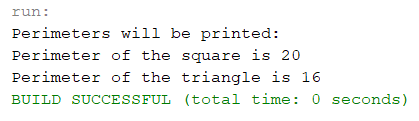
**public static void main(String[] args){**

**Perimeter p = new Perimeter();**

**p.PeriMeter();**

**}**

**}**

****

**Q5. Write a java program to create class Area and method named as calarea() to find area of a square and rectangle using method overloading.**

**package practical2;**

**public class Area {**

**void calarea(int a){**

**int area = a\*a;**

**System.out.println("Area of Square is: " + area);**

**}**

**void calarea(int a, int b){**

**int area = a\*b;**

**System.out.println("Area of Rectangle is: " + area);**

**}**

**public static void main(String[] args){**

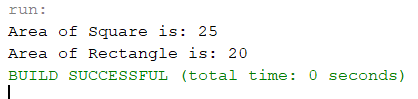
**Area a1 = new Area();**

**a1.calarea(5);**

**a1.calarea(4, 5);**

**}**

**}**

****

**Q6. Write a java program to create class Calculator and method named as add()-two number and create another class Addition who inherit class Calculator and method named as add()-three number using overriding.**

**package practical2;**

**class Calculator{**

**void add(){**

**int a, b, sum;**

**a = 5;**

**b = 5;**

**sum = a+b;**

**System.out.println("Addition of two numbers is: " + sum);**

**}**

**}**

**public class Addition extends Calculator {**

**void add(){**

**int a, b, c, sum;**

**a = 5;**

**b = 5;**

**c = 5;**

**sum = a + b + c;**

**System.out.println("Addition of three numbers is: " + sum);**

**}**

**public static void main(String[] args){**

**Calculator c1 = new Calculator();**

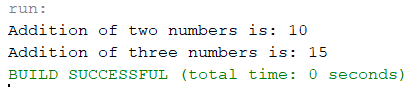
**c1.add();**

**c1 = new Addition();**

**c1.add();**

**}**

**}**

****